



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME								
CENTRE NUMBER					CANDII NUMBE			

MATHEMATICS 0580/04

Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2009

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

For Examiner's Use

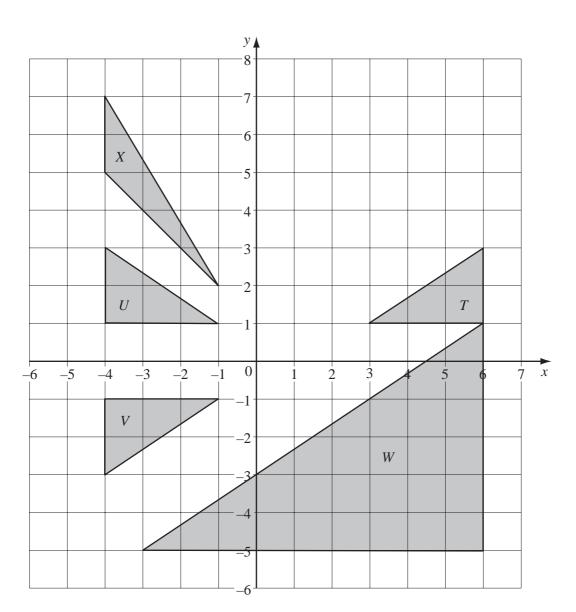
This document consists of 21 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



1	Chr	is go	es to a shop to buy meat, vegetables and fruit.
	(a)	(i)	The costs of the meat, vegetables and fruit are in the ratio
			meat : vegetables : fruit = 2 : 2 : 3.
			The cost of the meat is \$2.40.
			Calculate the total cost of the meat, vegetables and fruit.
			Answer(a)(i) [2]
		(ii)	Chris pays with a \$20 note.
			What percentage of the \$20 has he spent?
			4nguay(a)(ii) 9/ [2]
			Answer(a)(ii) % [2]
	(b)	The	masses of the meat, vegetables and fruit are in the ratio
			meat : vegetables : fruit = $1 : 8 : 3$.
		The	total mass is 9 kg.
		Cal	culate the mass of the vegetables.
			Answer(b) kg [2]

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(c)	Calculate the cost per kilogram of the fruit.		For Examiner's Use
(d)	$\label{eq:answer} Answer(c) \$$ The cost of the meat, $\$2.40$, is an increase of 25% on the cost the previous week. Calculate the cost of the meat the previous week.	[3]	
	Answer(d) \$	[2]	



For Examiner's Use

- (a) Describe fully the **single** transformation which maps
 - (i) triangle T onto triangle U,

Answer(a)(i) [2]

(ii) triangle T onto triangle V,

Answer(a)(ii) [3]

(iii) triangle T onto triangle W ,				For Examiner's Use
Answer(a)(iii)		 	[3]	
Answer(a)(iv)		 	[3]	
(b) Find the matrix representing the transfer	formation which maps			
(ii) triangle U onto triangle V , (ii) triangle U onto triangle X .	Answer(b)(i)		[2]	
	Answer(b)(ii)		[2]	

[3]

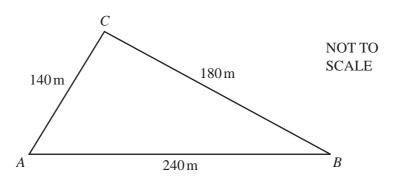
]						7 1		1
		1		1		6		7		11		12	
Six c	ards	are nu	mbere	d 1, 1, 6, ′	7, 11 aı	nd 12.							
In th	is q	uestion	, give	all proba	bilitie	s as fra	ctions.						
(a)	One	of the	six car	ds is chos	sen at r	andom.							
	(i)	Which	numb	er has a p	robabi	lity of b	being cho	sen of	$\frac{1}{3}$?				
							Answer						[
((ii)			orobability at least tl					nber w	hich is			
							Answer	<i>(a)</i> (ii)					[
(b)	Two	of the	six ca	rds are ch	osen at	randor	n, withou	ıt replac	cement.				
	Finc	l the pro	obabili	ity that									
	(i)	they ar	e both	numbere	d 1,								
							Answer	<i>r(b)</i> (i)					[
((ii)	the tota	al of tl	ne two nui	mbers i	is 18,							

Answer(b)(ii)

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	(iii) the first number is not a 1 and the second number is a 1.		For Examiner's Use
	Answer(b)(iii)	[2]	
(c)	Cards are chosen, without replacement, until a card numbered 1 is chosen.		
	Find the probability that this happens before the third card is chosen.		
	Answer(c)	[2]	
	Answer(c)	[2]	
(d)	A seventh card is added to the six cards shown in the diagram. The mean value of the seven numbers on the cards is 6.		
	Find the number on the seventh card.		
	Answer(d)	[2]	
	Answer(d)	[2]	

4



The boundary of a park is in the shape of a triangle ABC. AB = 240 m, BC = 180 m and CA = 140 m.

In part (a), show clearly all your construction arcs.

(a) (i) Using a scale of 1 centimetre to represent 20 metres, **construct** an **accurate** scale drawing of triangle *ABC*. The line *AB* has already been drawn for you.

A B

[2]

(ii) Using a straight edge and compasses only, **construct** the bisector of angle ACB.

Label the point D, where this bisector meets AB. [2]

- (iii) Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct the locus of points, inside the triangle, which are equidistant from A and from D.
- (iv) Flowers are planted in the park so that they are nearer to AC than to BC and nearer to D than to A.

Shade the region inside your triangle which shows where the flowers are planted. [1]

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You	art (ı mu t (a).	(b), use trigonometry. st show your working and must NOT use any measurements from your construction in	For Examiner's Use
(b)	(i)	Show clearly that angle ACB is 96.4°.	
		Answer(b)(i)	
	(ii)	[3] Calculate the area of the park.	
	(iii)	Answer(b)(ii) m ² [2] Use the sine rule to calculate angle ABC.	
		Answer(b)(iii) Angle $ABC =$ [3]	

 $C \qquad \qquad SCALE$ $(x+3) \text{ cm} \qquad \qquad x \text{ cm}$

For Examiner's Use

PMT

The diagram shows two rectangles ABCD and PQRS.

AB = (2x + 5) cm, AD = (x + 3) cm, PQ = (x + 4) cm and PS = x cm.

(2x + 5) cm

- (a) For one value of x, the area of rectangle ABCD is $59 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$ more than the area of rectangle PQRS.
 - (i) Show that $x^2 + 7x 44 = 0$. Answer(a)(i)

(ii) Factorise $x^2 + 7x - 44$.

Answer(a)(ii) [2]

(x+4) cm

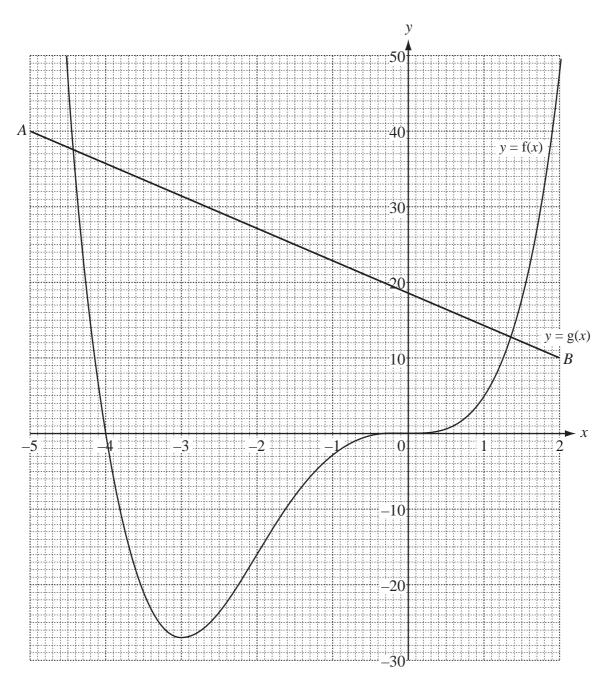
(iii) Solve the equation $x^2 + 7x - 44 = 0$.

(iv) Calculate the size of angle *DBA*.

Answer(a)(iv) Angle DBA = [2]

(b)	For	a different value of x , the rectangles $ABCD$ and $PQRS$ are similar.		For
	(i)	Show that this value of x satisfies the equation $x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$.		Examiner's Use
		Answer(b)(i)		
			[3]	
	(ii)	Solve the equation $x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$, giving your answers correct to 2 decimal places.		
		Answer(b)(ii) x =	[4]	
	(iii)	Calculate the perimeter of the rectangle <i>PQRS</i> .		
		Answer(b)(iii) cm	[1]	





The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown above.

- (a) Find the value of
 - (i) f(-2),

Answer(a)(i) [1]

(ii) g(0).

Answer(a)(ii) [1]

(b) Use the graphs to solve	
(i) the equation $f(x) = 20$,	
Answer(b)(i) x =	[2]
(ii) the equation $f(x) = g(x)$,	
Answer(b)(ii) x =	[2]
(iii) the inequality $f(x) < g(x)$.	
	F13
Answer(b)(iii)	[1]
(c) Use the points A and B to find the gradient of $y = g(x)$ as an exact fraction.	
Answer(c)	[2]
(d) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = g(x) - 10$.	[2]
(a) On the graph of $y = g(x) = 10$.	[2]
(e) (i) Draw the tangent to the graph of $y = f(x)$ at $(-3, -27)$.	[1]
(ii) Write down the equation of this tangent.	
Answer(e)(ii)	[1]
(f) A region, R, contains points whose co-ordinates satisfy the inequalities	
$-3 \le x \le -2$, $y \le 40$ and $y \ge g(x)$.	
On the grid, draw suitable lines and label this region R .	[2]

NOT TO SCALE

60° O

For Examiner's Use

PMT

(a) The sector of a circle, centre O, radius 24 cm, has angle $AOB = 60^{\circ}$.

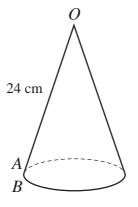
Calculate

(i) the length of the arc AB,

<i>Answer(a)</i> (i)		cm	[2]	l
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(ii) the area of the sector OAB.

(b) The points A and B of the sector are joined together to make a hollow cone as shown in the diagram. The arc AB of the sector becomes the circumference of the base of the cone.



NOT TO SCALE

	Cal	culate	For
	(i)	the radius of the base of the cone,	Examiner's Use
		Answer(b)(i) cm [2]	
	(ii)	the height of the cone,	
		Answer(b)(ii) cm [2]	
	(iii)	the volume of the cone. [The volume, V , of a cone of radius r and height h is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]	
		3	
		Answer(b)(iii) cm ³ [2]	
		Answer(b)(iii) cm ³ [2]	
(c)	A d	ifferent cone, with radius x and height y , has a volume W .	
	Fine	d, in terms of W , the volume of	
	(i)	a similar cone, with both radius and height 3 times larger,	
	(ii)	Answer(c)(i) [1]	
	(11)	a cone of radius 2x and height y.	
		<i>Answer(c)</i> (ii)[1]	

8 Fifty students are timed when running one kilometre.

The results are shown in the table.

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Time (t minutes)	$4.0 < t \le 4.5$	$4.5 < t \le 5.0$	$5.0 < t \le 5.5$	$5.5 < t \le 6.0$	$6.0 < t \le 6.5$	$6.5 < t \le 7.0$
Frequency	2	7	8	18	10	5

4	:	Г17	ı
Answer(a)	 mın		

(b) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

(c) A new frequency table is made from the results shown in the table above.

Time (t minutes)	$4.0 < t \le 5.5$	$5.5 < t \le 6.0$	$6.0 < t \le 7.0$
Frequency		18	

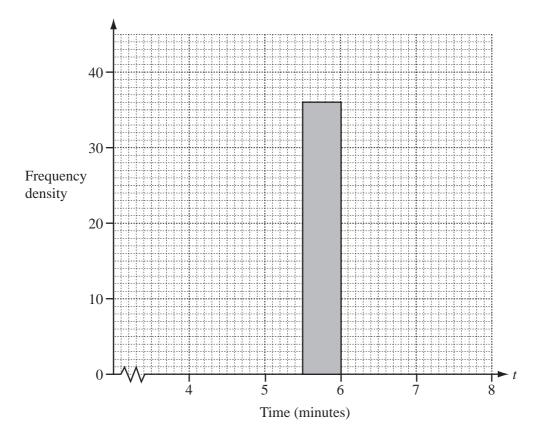
(i) Complete the table by filling in the two empty boxes.

[1]

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(ii) On the grid below, complete an accurate histogram to show the information in this new table.

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[3]

(iii) Find the number of students represented by 1 cm² on the histogram.

Answer(c)(iii) [1]

9 (a) Solve the equation
$$\frac{m-3}{4} + \frac{m+4}{3} = -7$$
.

$$Answer(a) m =$$
 [4]

(b) (i)
$$y = \frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3}$$

Find the value of y when x = 5.

(ii) Write $\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3}$ as a single fraction.

(iii) Solve the equation
$$\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3} = \frac{1}{x}$$
.

$$Answer(b)(iii) x =$$
 [3]

$$p = \frac{t}{q-1}$$

Find q in terms of p and t.

$$Answer(c) q = [3]$$

Tota	For Examiner's Use
Row 1 1 = 1	
Row 2 $3 + 5 = 8$	
Row 3 $7 + 9 + 11 = 27$	
Row 4 $13 + 15 + 17 + 19 = 64$	
Row 5	
Row 6	
The rows above show sets of consecutive odd numbers and their totals.	
(a) Complete Row 5 and Row 6.	[2]
(b) What is the special name given to the numbers 1, 8, 27, 64?	
Answer(b)	[1]
(c) Write down in terms of n,	
(i) how many consecutive odd numbers there are in Row n ,	
Answer(c)(i)	[1]
(ii) the total of these numbers.	
Answer(c)(ii)	[1]
(d) The first number in Row <i>n</i> is given by $n^2 - n + 1$.	
Show that this formula is true for Row 4.	
Answer(d)	

[1]

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(e)	The total of Row 3 is 27. This can be calculated by $(3 \times 7) + 2 + 4$.
	The total of Row 4 is 64. This can be calculated by $(4 \times 13) + 2 + 4 + 6$.
	The total of Row 7 is 343. Show how this can be calculated in the same way.
	Answer(e)
	[1]
	[+J
(f)	The total of the first n even numbers is $n(n + 1)$.
	Write down a formula for the total of the first $(n-1)$ even numbers.
	4 (0
	Answer(f)[1]
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n gives your answer to part (c)(ii).
	Answer(g)
	[2]

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